



**FEAA**

FACULTATEA DE ECONOMIE  
ȘI ADMINISTRAREA AFACERILOR  
ȘCOALA DOCTORALĂ DE ECONOMIE  
UNIVERSITATEA "AL. I. CUZA" IAȘI



# PhD Thesis

## Summary

### **LIQUIDITY MANAGEMENT AND PROFITABILITY IN BANKING**

**Scientific advisor:**

**prof. univ. dr. Vasile COCRIȘ**

**PhD Student:**

**COSTACHE I. Ionica (căs. Munteanu)**

## PhD Thesis Summary Index

---

1. PhD Thesis chapters
2. Research motivation and objectives
3. Research methodology
4. Chapters content and conclusions
5. Research contributions to literature
6. Further paths for extending research

**Cuvinte cheie:** Bank liquidity, Return on equity, Return on assets, optimizin the liquidity-profitability ratio, marginal impact, maximizing profit, liquidity andprofitability determinants, instrumental variabiles, permanent liquidity, liniar and non-linear regression, Basel III regulations, long-term liquidity and common equity capital ratio

# **1. PhD thesis chapters**

---

## **CHAPTER 1**

### **BANK LIQUIDITY AND ITS ASSOCIATED RISKS**

- 1.1. Bank liquidity concept and the liquidity risk in the literature
- 1.2. Bank liquidity and liquidity risk measurement instruments
- 1.3. Liquidity positions analysis in the banking systems of Romania and Eastern and Central Europe
- 1.4. Analysis of the determinant correlations between bank liquidity and its associated risks

## **CHAPTER 2**

### **BANK LIQUIDITY MANAGEMENT – FUNDAMENTALS, TACTICS, STRATEGIES**

- 2.1. Principles, functions and instruments of bank liquidity management
- 2.2. Bank liquidity management tactics
- 2.3. Strategies for bank liquidity adequacy
- 2.4. Case study: Deutsche Bank Germany strategy vs. Erste Bank Romania strategy

## **CHAPTER 3**

### **BANK LIQUIDITY OPTIMUM**

- 3.1. Objectives and instruments of the base models regarding bank liquidity optimization
- 3.2. Central Bank intervention in optimizing bank liquidity
- 3.3. Liquidity optimum under the liquidity trap reconfiguration
- 3.4. The impact of the recent crisis on the liquidity optimum

## **CHAPTER 4**

### **BANK LIQUIDITY MANAGEMENT IMPACT ON BANK PROFITABILITY**

- 4.1. Bank liquidity-profitability ratio
- 4.2. Comparative analysis of the liquidity and profitability indicators' evolution in Central and Eastern Europe
- 4.3. A model for bank liquidity-profitability optimization
- 4.4. The effects of the Basel III regulations over the liquidity-capital-profit ratio

## **CONCLUSIONS AND PATHS FOR FURTHER RESEARCH**

## **REFERENCES**

## 2. Research motivation and objectives

---

Liquidity, the ease of converting assets to cash, is probably one of the most controversial terms in both finance and macroeconomics. In times of economic boom, liquidity is abundant, whereas when crisis erupts, liquidity disappears as if it didn't exist at all. The financial innovations constructed in the past decade with the aim of reducing the cost of urgent funding, are considered to be blurring the boundary between illiquidity and insolvency risks. Under these circumstances, liquidity adequacy in the banking system, the first support of the global economy, and profit maximization – the central objective of each economic and financial entity – will sustain the needed confidence climate in easing credit rotation throughout an environment subject to a continuous change, which is difficult to closely follow and control accordingly through appropriate rules of law.

### **Problem statement, research aim and objectives**

The recent financial crisis was the last major event following a series of other similar event, such as the Asian crisis in 1997, the Russian default on short-term debt and the downfall of the hedge fund long-term capital management in 1998, the disruption in payment systems following the World Trade Center attack in 2001 and the major defaults of Enron and Worldcom, that increased management's attention to liquidity risk. Particularly, the banking system understood that adequate systems and processes for identifying, measuring, monitoring and controlling liquidity risks help them to maintain a strong liquidity position, that in turn will increase the confidence of both investors and rating agencies and improve the cost and availability of funding. Furthermore, the authorities also recognized the importance of liquidity for the stability of the financial system and the new Basel III regulation strive to minimize the impact of liquidity failures on the system as a whole.

It is therefore justified the research on the management of bank liquidity and its impact on bank profitability, given the prevailing reverse relationship between them. Thus, this research is aimed at supporting the final decision-makers on the measures necessary to be taken in order to revert to the upward trend that triggered the developments in the banking sectors of Central and Eastern Europe in the pre-crisis period, in a sustainable manner, with the following objectives:

- exposing new conceptual approaches of bank liquidity and of the liquidity risk in the literature: definitions, positioning in relation to the other financial risks, measuring instruments and proposals for their update;

- updating principles, instruments and strategies of bank liquidity management;
- comparative analysis of the evolution of the liquidity and profitability indicators in the banking sectors of Central and Eastern Europe;
- defining the bank liquidity optimum under different models in the literature;
- identifying the factors of influence over liquidity and profitability as well as the changes in the structure of these determinants as a result of the recent financial crisis, in Romania and in Central and Eastern Europe;
- quantifying the marginal impact of bank liquidity over the profitability with the aim of optimising liquidity-profit ratio;
- optimizing long-term liquidity - capital – profitability ratio, in compliance with the new rules Basel III.

In this context, **the research problem** is the identification of the bank liquidity optimum from different perspectives regarding the impact on profitability in the banking sectors of Central and Eastern Europe, with the fundamental objective of optimizing the liquidity - profitability ratio in banking activities.

Thus, this thesis responds to the current main concerns of the monetary authorities governing European banking systems, being an innovative approach of the liquidity – profitability trade-off issue, from the perspective of the research methodology used in the literature - this is the first study of its kind in the Central and Eastern Europe - , taking into account the recent Basel III regulations and their revisions in January 2013 dictated by imminent over-regulated banking sector – and potentially, non-profit.

### **3. Research methodology**

---

The qualitative research, consisting in the review of theoretical and empirical studies and the analysis of further evolutions of the liquidity and profitability indicators as well as of the financial indicators determinants, preceded the quantitative research such based. In this context it was appropriate to apply the procedure of triangulation of the information obtained, which has allowed the interaction of the economic fundamentals with statistical methods, in order to avoid epistemologic inconsistency.

The qualitative analysis of the economic and financial situation has been constructed on the basis of the comparative evolution of the indicators investigated previously framed in tables and graphics, as well as on the basis of a case study concerning the common practices of the bank liquidity management. Quantitative analysis of the data has been carried out through the least squares method and the method of generalized moments that allowed an estimation of the linear and non-linear multiple regression coefficients.

So, in addition to the statistical validation of the empirical procedures used on the sample selected from Central and Eastern Europe, it has been possible an external conceptual validation of the findings of this research, a result of long debates regarding their pertinence, timeliness and their plausibility with the scientific supervisor and the members of the doctorate commission for guidance, and also, the validation of the internal legitimacy of empirical study through appropriate positioning in the literature.

## 4. Chapters content and conclusions

---

In Chapter 1, the theoretical/conceptual fundamentals of bank liquidity and the risks associated were meant to outline the general quality and the measuring instruments of liquidity but also to differentiate the liquidity risk of other financial risks. The recent global financial crisis has highlighted the importance of liquidity in the banking sector, by bringing in the state of insolvency many profitable banking institutions, therefore it is justified to introduce new measures of bank liquidity, as the new Liquidity Mismatch Index, which takes into account the shadow banking system, repo market size operations and the extent of exposures on mortgages residential or derivatives of credit and systemic risk, quantifying the impact of 'delta' variations of the liquidity on the differences in 'delta' profit.

The main conclusions of the analysis of the liquidity indicators evolutions in banking systems in Romania and Central and Eastern Europe in the period 2002-2010 capture:

- an uniform evolution of bank liquidity in the countries analyzed, the crisis of 2008 bringing declining liquidity rates and positioning Romania at the comfortable extreme along with the Czech Republic, whose pace of evolution Romania follows in the case of the aggregate indicator of liquidity and interbank financing dependence measure;
- the measure of the financing dependence of the interbank market places Romania at the vulnerable extreme as compared to the other countries of Central and Eastern Europe, vulnerability accentuated by the discrepancy between the share of foreign assets and the share of foreign liabilities, predominantly financing from mother-banks which, being on the medium and long term, does not raise major problems.

The determinants of bank liquidity in Romania and Central and Eastern Europe estimated by a model of multi-linear regression could be summarised in the following conclusions:

- the non-performing loans and the loan loss provisions associated with them are predominant influencers of bank liquidity both in Romania and in Central and Eastern Europe;
- in the crisis period, 2008-2010, the degree of banking concentration is exerting a significant negative influence on bank liquidity from Central and Eastern Europe;
- a validated influence on bank liquidity in Romania: the positive impact of reducing ROBOR on liquidity, can be considered as of conjuncture, because the reduction of the rate of interest shall determine, under normal conditions, a decrease of bank liquidity, in the view of the reduced cost of its procuring.

In Chapter 2, the foundations of bank liquidity management tactics exposed complete the image built up until then, together with the principles to be followed as well as with current examples of management tools of bank liquidity. An adequate level of liquidity and adequate sources of liquidity will depend on the nature of the funding need. But since the risk of liquidity is subject to various scenarios, for the unexpected liquidity needs, managers need to use sets of projections of cash flows according to certain scenarios. Here, it is necessary to differentiate between risk idiosyncratic/specific and systemic risk and also the recognition of the fact that stress tests are only part of a complete integrated and dynamic process of the bank liquidity management.

The comparative study on liquidity management strategies published by Deutsche Bank, Germany and ERSTE Bank Romania, emphasizes the following particularities, in fact intuitive:

- the focus of Deutsche Bank on the level of the daily recorded liquidity and the liquidity needs considering the ability to obtain liquidity from the Central Bank;
- a more open position to external funding of the Deutsche Bank and, by default, larger possibilities of cooperation in the plan of attracting such funds under optimal conditions.
- a prudential behavior of ERSTE Bank Romania, under the aegis of stricter regulations of the country of residence where the risk aversion is high, and also the financing from the bank-mother.

In Chapter 3, the reference studies in the literature offer several approaches on liquidity optimum by considering the costs level, given the cost of opportunity of holding liquid assets with low profitability, the biggest costs being associated with excess liquidity held unintentionally. But minimizing costs and maximizing profits have assigned a common 'efficiency frontier', which causes, naturally, conditional substitution upon those two objectives in the literature of the past few years, the profitability constituting a measure effective and relevant for banking management efficiency. The recent theoretical model with regard to the optimal bank liquidity under the recent crisis covers a well delimited segment of the impact of the opportunity to obtain additional profits from assets purchase at fire-prices on the level bank liquidity. External agents interventions change the level of the liquidity available for such purchases for surviving banks, depending on their proportion.

The Central Bank, as the lender of last resort is a determining factor for the ex ante establishment of sub-optimal levels of bank liquidity, a fact consistent with Austrian School critics' arguments who claim that the Central Bank takes the care for liquidity from banks ensuring its involvement in critical situations, intervention which, despite its effects a priori



negative, will not be possible to be eliminated, since it is supporting the necessary credibility associated with the state and the need for stability of the nationals.

The objective of optimizing the liquidity - profitability ratio in banking activity is carried out in Chapter 4, through statistical methods for estimating the linear and non-linear regression coefficients, by measuring the marginal impact of liquidity on return of equity and return on assets. The evolution of profitability indicators in the banking systems of Central and Eastern Europe imposed the separate analysis of the crisis period, 2008-2010, the period in which there have been significant reductions up to negative values.

Identifying the determinants of bank profitability, as a preliminary step, has allowed contouring the following conclusions:

- the liquidity rate, the cost to income ratio and net interest margin are the common factors of influence over profitability, measured as the return on equity and return on assets, for all the analyzed periods, pre-crisis, post-crisis and the whole period; the non-performing loans rate is a decisive factor in the crisis period, generating effects throughout the whole period analyzed;
- in the pre-crisis growth period 2002-2007, it is confirmed a positive determination between the risk premium and the profitability, determination represented by the aggressive behavior in assuming high risks, which has led, eventually, to crisis;
- during the crisis period, 2008-2010, the degree of concentration has a negative impact on profitability, influence consistent with current economic reasoning according to which the negative effects of the crisis have been much stronger in more concentrated banking sectors;
- also, the crisis period emphasizes funding liquidity as a determining factor for profitability in a negative direction, otherwise a predictable fact, given vulnerability, as evidenced in this current turbulent context, of the preponderance of short-term funding.

On the basis of these validated determinations, it has been possible to quantify the marginal impact of liquidity on the profitability, resulting in the size of optimal permanent bank liquidity, represented for all the three periods through the following rates:

- During the period 2002-2010, the optimal margin of variation of bank liquidity is located at 12,9054 % to maximize ROE and at 15,7810 % to maximize ROA;

- during the period 2002-2007, the optimal margin of variation of bank liquidity is located at 16,5450 % to maximize ROE and at 7,7554 % to maximize ROA;
- during the period 2008-2010, the optimal level of bank liquidity from time t-1 is located at 15,5935 % to maximize ROE and at 16,5059 % to maximize ROA;

As indicated by the descriptive statistics, the crisis had stronger negative effects on the return of equity, which corresponds to narrower optimal intervals of liquidity variation, as compared to return on assets, both in the 2008-2010 period and the 2002-2010 period. During the period of growth, the report shall be changed, resulting in optimum levels more permissive to maximize profitability of capital, which is testimony inadequate policies for the management of liquidity which have resulted in crisis comes.

In the last sub-chapter, the integration of the most recent indicators regulated through the Basel III Agreement, respectively the net stable funding ratio and the ratio of common equity capital, has allowed a statistical estimation on the basis of the calculations carried out for the entire 2002-2010 period on the sample considered above, of the optimal ratio between these indicators under the influence of real interest rate, ratio that will maximize return on capital.

## 5. Research contributions to literature

---

In the end, exposing the main elements of the author's own contribution is likely to emphasize the added value brought by this research to the literature. Thus, the main contributions of this research are integrated in the whole content of the work, by bringing together:

- ✓ a summary report on the elements of the defining bank liquidity and of the instruments and strategies for management of bank liquidity, by integrating new proposals relating to the measurement of liquidity and liquidity risk in the post-crisis era;
- ✓ the assessment of the optimal level bank liquidity from the perspective of theoretical and empirical tools used in the literature and by reference to the Central Bank involvement, as the lender of last resort and to the occurrence of the liquidity trap;
- ✓ the analysis of the evolution of liquidity and profitability indicators of banks in Romania and Central and Eastern Europe in the 2002-2010 period, highlighting the implications of the recent global financial crisis;
- ✓ cumulation of the effects of the simultaneous action of external agents on the optimal bank liquidity, in the framework of a theoretical model concerning reserves of liquidity in times of crisis, depending on the proportion of the banks in difficulty;
- ✓ empirical validation of hypotheses on potential determinants of bank liquidity and potential determinants of bank profitability, with the separate analysis of the impact of the crisis on their structure and their relevance;
- ✓ empirical validating the non-linear relationship between liquidity and profitability in the banking sector;
- ✓ determining the liquidity impact on the profitability and proposing a model to optimize bank liquidity level in Central and Eastern Europe by reference to the objective of maximizing bank profitability and giving a quantitative expression of the margin of variation of the permanent liquidity;
- ✓ integrating the new indicators the net stable funding rate, the measure of liquidity on the long run and the rate common equity capital, introduced by Basel III, in a new model to optimize the relationship between them, depending on real interest rate, with the aim of maximizing return on equity; however, compliance with the rules with regard to liquidity recently adopted through the Basel III Agreement does not provide management efficiency, neither comfortable positioning in market - financial results and the level of the profits are the first information accessed by potential partners, corporate or retail, with a view to decision substantiation of investment/lending and situating profitability over the market average, with maintaining the permanent liquidity must constitute the main objective of bank management.

## **6. Further paths for extending research**

---

- study extension throughout the European Union, with the corresponding grouping of areas according to the specificity
- interdisciplinary investigation of the liquidity trap including the influence of the psychological factors in the decision making process both at the level of individuals and at the level of financial and banking institutions
- investigation of immediate reactions of credit institutions and other financial agents (capital markets) to the actions of monetary authorities, by highlighting the impact the anticipation trap.

## References

---

- Abbasoglu O F, Aysan A F, Gunes A, 2007 – „Concentration, competition, efficiency, and profitability of the Turkish banking sector in the Post-Crisis Period”, in *Banks and Bank Systems*, 2 (3), p. 106–115
- Aburime, T., 2008 – „Determinants of Bank Profitability: Macroeconomic Evidence from Nigeria”, Department of Banking and Finance Working Paper, University of Nigeria, SSRN E-Library
- Acharya, V., Shin, H. si T. Yorulmazer, 2010 – ‚Crisis Resolution and Bank Liquidity’, in *The Review of Financial Studies*, Vol 24, no 6, pp. 2166-2205
- Acharya, V., si T. Yorulmazer, 2009 – „Cash-in-the-market Pricing and Optimal Resolution of Bank Failures”, *Review of Financial Studies* 21:2705–42
- Agarwal, J.D., 1988 - “A goal programming model for working capital management,” *Finance India*, Vol. 2, No. 2
- Agenor, P., Aynaoui, K. – „Excess liquidity, bank pricing rules, and monetary policy”, *Journal of Banking and Finance*, 34, 2010, pp. 923-933
- Aizenman, J. si Marion, N., 2003 – „The High Demand For International Reserves In the Far East: What is Going On?”, *Journal of The Japanese and International Economies*, 17/3, 370-400
- Alan Greenspan, 2008 – *Era turbulentelor*, Editura Publica, București
- Albertazzi, U., Gambacorta, L., 2006 – „Bank Profitability and the Business Cycle”, *Temi di discussione, Banca d’Italia*, No. 601
- Allen și Gale, 1998 Allen, F., Gale, D., 1998. Optimal financial crises. *Journal of Finance* 53, 1245–1284
- Allen, F., Gale, D., 2000. Financial contagion. *Journal of Political Economy* 108 (1), 1–33.
- Alves, A., Dymski, G. și Luiz-Fernando de Paula, 2007 – „Banking Strategy and Credit Expansion: A Post Keynesian Approach”, *Cambridge Journal of Economics*, Vol. 32, Nr. 3, pp. 395-420
- Andries, A. M., Cocriș, V., Apetri, A. N. – „The impact of the banking system reform on banks performance”, în *African Journal of Business Management (AJBM)*, Vol. 6, Nr. 6, 2012

- Andries, A. M., Cocriș, V., Nichitean, A. L. – „The Impact of Corporate Governance on Bank Performance”, în *Revista economica*, Vol. 6, Nr. 59, 2011
- Andries, A. M., Cocriș, V., Popescu, M. – „The impact of quality of loans on the performance of banks”, în *EuroEconomica*, Vol. 3, Nr. 29, 2011
- Andrieș, A., 2010 – *Performanța și eficiența activității bancare*, Editura Universității Alexandru Ioan Cuza, Iași
- Arena, R., Salvadori, N, 2004 – *Money, credit and the role of state*, Ashgate, England
- Athanasoglou, P., Brissimis, S., Delis, M., 2008 – „Bank-specific, industry-specific and macroeconomic determinants of bank profitability”, in *Journal of International Financial Markets, Institutions and Money* 18 (2), p. 121-136
- Auerbach A și Obstfeld, M, 2003 - The case for open-market purchases in a Liquidity Trap, Federal Reserve Bank of San Francisco (martie)
- Bagehot, W., 1873. *Lombard Street: A Description of the Money Market*. H.S. King, London.
- Bank for International Settlements - *International framework for liquidity risk measurement, standards and monitoring*, 2009.
- Bank for International Settlements - *Principles for Sound Liquidity Risk Management and Supervision*, 2008.
- Barr, R.S., Killgo, K.A., Siems, T.F. and Zimmer, S.A., 2002 – „Evaluating the productive efficiency and performance of US commercial banks”, in *Managerial Finance*, Vol. 28 No. 8, p. 3-25
- Barth, J., R., Caprio, G., J. și Levine, R. (2001), *The Regulation and Supervision on Banks Around the World: A New Database*, in *Brooking World Wharton Papers on Financial Services*, Litan, R.E. și Richard, Herring (eds), Washington, DC: Brookings Institutions;
- Basno, C, Dardac, N., Floricel, C, 1994 – *Monedă, credit, bănci*, Editura Didactică și Pedagogică, București,
- Basno, C., Dardac, N., 2002 - *Management bancar*, Editura Economică, București
- Baumol, W.J., 1952 – The transaction demand for cash: An inventory theoretic approach, *Quarterly Journal of Economics*, 66, 545-556
- Bătrâncea, Ioan, Trenca, Ioan, Bejenaru, Aurel, Borlea, Sorin N., 2008 - *Analiza performanțelor și riscurilor bancare*, Editura Risoprint Cluj Napoca

- BCBS 2009a Basel Committee on Banking Supervision (2009a) “Guidelines for computing capital for incremental risk in the trading book”, Bank for International Settlements, July.
- BCBS, 2010a Basel Committee on Banking Supervision (2010a) “Results of the Comprehensive Quantitative Impact Study”, Bank for International Settlements, December
- Beblavy, Miroslav, Cobham, David, Odor, Ludovit (ed), 2011 - *The euro area and the financial crisis*, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge
- Beck, T., Cull, R., Afeikhena, J., 2005 – „Bank privatization and performance: Empirical evidence from Nigeria”, in *Journal of Banking and Finance* 29 (8-9), p. 2355-2379
- Beck, T., Demirguc-Kunt, A., Levine, R., 2006 – „Bank Concentration, Competition, and Crises: First Results”, in *Journal of Banking and Finance* 30 (5), p. 1581-1603
- Berger, A., 1995 – „The Profit – „Structure Relationship in Banking: Tests of Market-Power and Efficient-Structure Hypotheses”, in *Journal of Money, Credit and Banking* 27 (2), p. 404-431
- Berger, A., Herring, R., Szegö, G., 1995 - The role of capital in financial institutions, *Journal of Banking and Finance* 19, 393–430
- Berger, A.N. 1995 – „The relationship between capital and earnings in banking”, *Journal of Money, Credit and Banking*, Vol 27, Nr 2, pp. 432-456
- Bhattacharya, S. si Douglas Gale, 1987 – „Preference Shocks, Liquidity, and Central Bank Policy”, In W. Barnett and K. Singleton (eds.), *New Approaches to Monetary Economics*. New York: Cambridge University Press
- Blatt, J.M., 1983 – *Dynamic economic systems: A post-keynesian approach* (Sharpe, Armonk, New York)
- Blinder, A., S., 1998 - *Central Banking in Theory and Practice*, The MIT Press, Cambridge Massachusetts, London, England;
- Boariu, A., 2003 - *Creditarea bancară*, Editura Sedcom Libris, Iași;
- Bolt *et al.* (2012) Bank profitability during recessions *Journal of Banking & Finance*, Volume 36, Issue 9, September 2012, Pages 2552-2564
- Bolton, P., T. Santos, si J. Scheinkman. 2008 – „Inside and Outside Liquidity”. Working Paper, Columbia University

Bonin JP, Hasan I, Wachtel P., 2005 – „Bank performance, efficiency and ownership in transition countries”, in *Journal of Banking and Finance* 29, p. 31–53

Bos și Kool, (2006) Bank efficiency: The role of bank strategy and local market conditions *Journal of Banking & Finance*, Volume 30, Issue 7, July 2006, Pages 1953-1974

Bourke, P., 1989 – „Concentration and Other Determinants of Bank Profitability in Europe, North America and Australia”, in *Journal of Banking and Finance* 13 (1), p. 65-79

Boyd, J., Runkle, D., 1993 – „Size and performance of banking firms”, in *Journal of Monetary Economics*, 31, p. 47-67

Bradenburg, D. 2007 – Sound liquidity management as an investment criterion, in Matz, L. și Neu, P. (eds.), *Liquidity Risk: Measurement and Management*, John Wiley & Sons Singapore, pp. 310-323

Brendea, C., Ghiță M, Dăeanu, E., Zamfirescu, M. (2001), *Riscul și performanța creditului bancar în România*, Editura Cores, București;

Brunnermeier și Sannikov (2012) - Redistributive Monetary Policy, , Jackson Hole Symposium, 1 September 2012, Jackson Hole

Brunnermeier, M. K. - “Deciphering the Liquidity and Credit Crunch 2007-2008,” *Journal of Economic Perspectives*, vol. 23, no. 1, pp. 77-100, 2009.

Brunnermeier, M., Pedersen, L.H., 2009. Market liquidity and funding liquidity. *Review of Financial Studies* 22, 2201–2238

Brunnermeier, Markus, Gary Gorton, Arvind Krishnamurthy, 2011 - Risk Topography in NBER Macroeconomics Annual 2011, Volume 26, Daron Acemoglu and Michael Woodford, editors

Bunda, I. și J. B. Desquilbet – „The Bank Liquidity Smile Across Exchange Rate Regimes”, *International*

Camarero, C., 2007 – „Relationship orientation or service quality? What is the trigger of performance in financial and insurance services?”, in *International Journal of Bank Marketing*, Vol. 25 No. 6, p. 406-26

Cao și Illing, 2008, 2009a - Endogenous exposure to systemic liquidity risk, *Int. J. Cent. Bank.* (2011) 173–216

Carvalho, F, 1999 – „On Banks’ Liquidity Preference”, *Full Employment and Price Stability in a Global Economy*, Cheltenham: Edward Elgar, pp. 1-20



- Castiglionesi, F. and Wagner, W. (2011). Turning Bagehot on his head: lending at penalty
- Căpraru, B., 2009 – *Banca centrală și mediul Economic. Repere teoretice, evoluții și analize*, Editura Universității “Al. I. Cuza”, Iași
- Căpraru, B., 2009 – *Retail banking*, Editura C.H.Beck, București
- Cerna, S., 1996 – *Sistemul monetar și politica monetară*, Editura Enciclopedică, București
- Cerna, S., 2002 - *Banca Centrală. Credibilitate și Independență*, Editura Sedona;
- Cerna, S., 2009 - *Economie monetară*, Editura Universității de vest, Timișoara;
- Cerna, S., Donath, L., Dima, B., 2004 – *Central bank independence in Romania*, în- *Central Banking in Eastern Europe*, editori Healey, N., Harrison, B., 2004, Routledge
- Cerna, Silviu (cd) și alții, 2008 - *Stabilitate financiară*, Editura Universității de Vest, Timișoara;
- Cetorelli și Goldberg, 2012 Liquidity management of U.S. global banks: Internal capital markets in the great recession *Journal of International Economics*, Volume 88, Issue 2, November 2012, Pages 299-311
- Chapman, R., 2012 –, „The cost of cash – Optimizing Bank Liquidity Strategy”, Interviu publicat de SunGard Financial Systems
- Chiorazzo, V., C. Milani, et al., 2008 – „Income Diversification and Bank Performance: Evidence from Italian Banks”, in *Journal of Financial Services Research* 33(3), p. 181-203
- Chirwa, E.W., 2003 – „Determinants of commercial banks’ profitability in Malawi: A cointegration approach”, in *Applied Financial Economics*, Vol. (13), p. 565-77
- Christian, C., J. S. Moffitt, et al., 2008 – „Fundamental Analysis for Evaluating Bank Performance”, in *Bank Accounting and Finance* 21(6), p. 17-24
- Cociș, V., Andrieș, A. M. , 2010 - *Managementul riscurilor și al performanțelor bancare*, ISBN 978-606-8201-27-6, Wolters Kluwer, București
- Cociș, V., Chirleşan, D., 2007 – *Managementul bancar și analiza de risc în activitatea de creditare*, Teorie și cazuri practice, Editura Universității Alexandru Ioan Cuza, Iași
- Cociș, V., Sireteanu, E., Andrieș, A.M., 2013 - *Activitatea bancară și integrarea monetară europeană*, , Editura Universității „Alexandru Ioan Cuza”, Iași, ISBN 978-973-703-871-5

Comitetul de la Basel (2010) Basel Committee on Banking Supervision (2010) “An Assessment of the Long-Term Economic Impact of Stronger Capital and Liquidity Requirements”, Bank for International Settlements, August.

Cooper și Ross, 1998 Bank runs: liquidity costs and investment distortions. Journal of Monetary Economics 41, 27–38

Costache Ionica (Munteanu), 2009 – *Systemic Risk in Banking: New Approaches under the Current Financial Crisis*, Articol publicat in ISC2009Conference Proceedings, Zagreb, Croatia, Vol 1, ISSN 1847-313X, p. 119-132, Indexat in RePec, MPRA, <https://sites.google.com/site/isc2009croatia/download-zone-1>

Costache Ionica (Munteanu), 2010 – *O lectie inedita oferita de criza in Romania*, Working Paper publicat in MPRA, RePec

Costache Ionica (Munteanu), 2011 - *A Crisis Structure of Bank Profitability Determinants: Evidence from Romania*, Articol publicat in Revista Economica, Sibiu, B+, ISSN 1582-6260, nr 6(59) Part II/2011, p. 50-55

Costache Ionica (Munteanu), 2011 – *Contractual Governance – an Outcome of the Recent Financial Crisis*, Articol publicat in Theoretical and Applied Economics, Bucuresti, ISSN 1844-0029, vol. 5(558)(su), p. 306-310, Indexed in RePec, EconLit, DOAJ, EBSCO, ICAAP

Costache Ionica (Munteanu), 2011 – *Criza financiara 2007-2008: cauze si consecinte*, Working Paper publicat in MPRA, RePec

Costache Ionica (Munteanu), 2012 - *Bank Liquidity and Its Determinants in Romania*, Articol publicat in Procedia Economics and Finance, ISSN: 2212-5671, Vol 3, p. 993-998 Indexat in ISI Web of Knowledge, ScienceDirect, Scopus, Elsevier [http://apps.webofknowledge.com/full\\_record.do?product=WOS&search\\_mode=AuthorFinder&qid=39&SID=R16igMke3AAhN@KcOmB&page=2&doc=13](http://apps.webofknowledge.com/full_record.do?product=WOS&search_mode=AuthorFinder&qid=39&SID=R16igMke3AAhN@KcOmB&page=2&doc=13)

Costache Ionica (Munteanu), 2013 - *Optimizing Bank Liquidity in Central and Eastern Europe*, Articol prezentat în cadrul conferinței 3rd International Conference of the Financial Engineering and Banking Society (FEBS), Paris, Franta

Costache Ionica (Munteanu), 2013– *Main Bank Profitability Drivers in Central and Eastern Europe*, Articol prezentat în cadrul conferinței Scolii Doctorale de Economie din Iasi, Romania

Croitoru, L. 2013 – *Politica monetară: ipostaza neconvențională*, Editura Curtea Veche, București, 2013

- Croitoru, L., 2013 – *Politica monetară – Ipoteze neconvenționale*, Editura Curtea Veche, București
- Dardac, N., Barbu, T., 2006 - *Monedă, Bănci și Politici monetare*, Ed. Didactică și pedagogică, R.A., București
- Dash, Mihir și Ravipati, Rani – „A Liquidity-Profitability Trade-Off Model for Working Capital Management” (May 10, 2009), Articol disponibil la SSRN: <http://ssrn.com/abstract=1408722>
- Dăianu, Daniel, 1993 – *Echilibrul economic și moneda*, Editura Humanitas, București
- Dăianu, Daniel, 1996 - *Transformarea ca proces real*, Editura IRLI, București
- Dăianu, Daniel, 2009 - *Capitalismul încotro? Criza economică, mersul ideilor, Instituții*, Editura Polirom, Iași
- Dănilă (2013) Noul model de business al băncilor comerciale și provocările lui, Proiectul educațional BNR "Academica", Sinaia, 13 februarie 2013
- Dănilă, N., ș.a., 2002 - *Managementul lichidității bancare*, Editura Economică, București
- Dănilă, N., Berea A.O., 2000 - *Management bancar*, Editura Economică, București
- Dedu, V., 2003 - *Gestiune și audit bancar*, Editura Economică, București
- Delis, M. D., Papanikolaou, N., 2009 – „Determinants of bank efficiency: evidence from a semi-parametric methodology”, in *Managerial Finance*, Vol. 35 (3), p. 260-275
- Demirguc-Kunt, A. și Huizinga, H., 1998 – „Determinants of Commercial Bank Interest Margins and Profitability”, Policy Research Working Paper 1900, World Bank.
- Demirguc-Kunt, A. și Huizinga, H., 2000 – „Financial Structure and Bank Profitability” Policy Research Working Paper 2430, World Bank
- Demirguc-Kunt, A., Detragiache, E. and Merrouche, O. (2010) “Bank Capital. Lessons From the Financial Crisis” World Bank Policy Research Working Paper No. 5473, November.
- DeYoung, R., Lang, W.W. and Nolle, D.L., 2007 – „How the internet affects output and performance at community banks”, in *Journal of Banking and Finance*, Vol. 31, p. 1033-60
- DeYoung, R., Rice, T., 2004 – „Non interest income and financial performance at U.S. commercial banks”, in *The Financial Review*, 39, p. 101-127
- Di Giorgio și Di Noia, 1999 Should banking supervision and monetary policy tasks be given to different agencies? *International Finance* 2 (3), 1–18

Diamond și Rajan, 2008) Diamond, D.W., Rajan, R.G., 2009b. Illiquidity and Interest Rate Policy. NBER Working Paper 15197

Diamond, D. și P. Dybvig, 1983 – „Bank Runs, Deposit Insurance, and Liquidity”, *Journal of Political Economy* 91, pp. 401–19

Doltu, Claudiu, 1997 - *Sisteme monetare comparate*, Editura Economică, București

Drake L, Hall MJB, Simper R, 2006 – „The impact of macroeconomic and regulatory factors on bank efficiency: a non-parametric analysis of Hong Kong’s banking system”, in *Journal of Banking and Finance* 30, p. 1443–1466

Drake L, Hall MJB, Simper R, 2009 – „Bank modelling methodologies: a comparative non-parametric analysis of efficiency in the Japanese banking sector”, in *Journal of International Financial Markets, Institutions and Money* 19, p. 1–15

Drake, L., Hall, M., 2003 – „Efficiency in Japanese Banking: An Empirical Analysis”, in *Journal of Banking and Finance*, Vol. 27, p.891-917.

Drehmann și Nikolau (2009) Funding liquidity risk: definition and measurement, European Central Bank Working Papers

Duttweiler, 2009 *Managing Liquidity in Banks: A Top Down Approach*, John Wiley & Sons, Uk

Duygun-Fethi, M., Pasiouras, F., 2009 – „Assessing Bank Performance with Operational Research and Artificial Intelligence Techniques: A Survey" University of Bath School of Management Working Paper 2009.02, 65

Eljelly, A., 2004 – „Liquidity - profitability tradeoff: An empirical investigation in an emerging market", *International Journal of Commerce and Management*, Vol. 14, Nr.2 pp. 48 – 61

Farhi și Tirole (2009) Leverage and the Central Banker’s put. *American Economic Review* 99, 589- 593.

Farhi, E., Tirole, J., 2012. Bubbly liquidity. *Review of Economic Studies* 79, 678–706

Fecht, Falko & Nyborg, Kjell G. & Rocholl, Jörg, 2011. "The price of liquidity: The effects of market conditions and bank characteristics," *Journal of Financial Economics*, Elsevier, vol. 102(2), pages 344-362

Fiedler, 2007 – A concept of cash-flow and funding liquidity risk, in Matz, L. și Neu, P. (eds.), *Liquidity Risk: Measurement and Management*, John Wiley & Sons Singapore, pp. 173-204

- Filip, Gh. (coord.), 2002 - *Finanțe*, Editura Junimea, Iași
- Flamini, V., C. McDonald, Schumacher, L. 2009 – „The Determinants of Commercial Bank Profitability in Sub-Saharan Africa”, IMF Working Paper 09/15 (Washington: International Monetary Fund)
- Foley, D., 1986 – Liquidity-Profit Rate Cycles in a Capitalist Economy, *Journal of Economic Behavior and Organization*, no 8 (1987), p. 363-376
- Frank, R., Bernauche, B., 2003 - *The Principles of Economics*, McGraw – Hill/Irwin, March 2003
- Freixas, X., Martin, A., Skeie, D., 2010. Bank liquidity, interbank markets, and monetary policy, European Banking Center Discussion Paper No. 2010-08S
- Friedman, D., 1998 – *Money and Banking*, Fourth Edition, The American Bankers Association, Washington D.C.
- Fries, S., Neven, D. et al., 2002 – „Bank performance in transition economies", William Davidson Institute Working Paper 505, 30
- Fry, M., D., Julius, L., Mahadeva, S., Roger și G., Sterne, 2000 - *Key Issues in the Choice of a Monetary Policy Framework*, în: L. Mahadeva și G., Sterne (eds), *Monetary Policy Frameworks in a Global Context*, London: Routledge
- Glasner, D., 2005 – *Free banking and monetary reform*, Cambridge University Press, New York
- Goddard, J., Molyneux, P., Wilson, J., 2004 – „Dynamics of growth and profitability in banking”, in *Journal of Money, Credit and Banking*, 36, p. 1069-1090
- Goldstein și Pauzner, 2005 Demand deposit contracts and the probability of bank runs. *Journal of Finance* 60, 1293–1328
- Goodfriend, M., King, R., 1988. Financial deregulation, monetary policy and central banking. *Federal Reserve Bank of Richmond Economic Review* 74, 3–22;
- Goodhart și Shoenmaker, 1995 - Should the functions of monetary policy and banking supervision be separated? *Oxford Econ. Papers* 47 (4), 539–560
- Goodwin, R.M., 1982 – *Essays in economic dynamics* (Macmillan, London)
- Goodwin, R.M., M. Kruger și A. Vercelli, 1984 – *Nonlinear models of fluctuating growth* (Springer-Verlag, Berlin)

- Grandmont, J.M. 1985 - On endogenous competitive business cycles, *Econometrica* 53, no.5, Sept., p. 995-1046
- Green, D., Petrick, K., 2002 – *Banking and Financial Stability in Central Europe*, Edwar Elgar, Uk
- Greuning, Hennie von, Brajovic Bratanovic S., 2004 - *Analiza și Managementul riscului bancar. Evaluarea guvernantei corporatiste și a riscului financiar*, Editura Irecson, București
- Grigorian, D. A., Manole, V., 2002 – „Determinants of Commercial Bank Performance in Transition: An Application of Data Envelopment Analysis”, World Bank Policy Research Working Paper 2850, 37
- Gup, B. si Kolari, J., 1986, 2005 – ‚Commercial Banking: The Management of Risk’, John Wiley & Sons, Inc, USA
- Hassan, M.K., Bashir, A.H.M., 2003 – „Determinants of Islamic banking profitability”, lucrare prezentată la *The 10th ERF Annual Conference*, 16-18 December, Morocco
- Hauer, D., 2005 – „Explaining efficiency differences among large German and Austrian banks”, in *Applied Economics*, Vol. 37 No. 9, p. 969-80
- Havrylych, O., 2006 – „Efficiency of the polish banking industry: foreign versus domestic Banks”, in *Journal of Banking and Finance*, Vol. 30 No. 7, p. 1975-96
- Heffernan, S., Fu, X.M , 2008 – „The Determinants of Bank Performance in China”, lucrare prezentată la *The 2nd Emerging Markets Group Conference on Emerging Markets*, Finance Cass Business School din Londra, UK
- Hempel, G., Simonson, D. , 1999 – *Bank Management*, John Wiley and Sons, New Jersey
- Holmstrom, B. si J. Tirole, 1998 – „Private and Public Supply of Liquidity”, *Journal of Political Economy* 106: 1–40
- Honohan și Klingebiel, 2003 - The fiscal cost implications of an accommodating approach to banking crises," *Journal of Banking & Finance*, Elsevier, vol. 27(8), pages 1539-1560, August
- Hudson, R., Colley, A., Largan, M, 2000 – *The capital markets and Financial Management in Banking*, The Glenlake Publishing Company, Ltd., New York
- Hughes, J. P., Mester, L.J, 2008 – „Efficiency in Banking: Theory, Practice, and Evidence", Federal Reserve Bank of Philadelphia Working Paper 08-1

Hutchison, D., Cox, R., 2006 – „The Causal Relationship Between Bank Capital and Profitability" SSRN eLibrary

Iannotta, G., Nocera, G., Sironi, A., 2007 – „Ownership structure, risk and performance in the European banking industry”, in *Journal of Banking and Finance* 31 (7), p. 2127-2149

Isărescu, 2012 – Politica monetară post-criză: Reconfigurarea obiectivelor și instrumentelor, disertație cu ocazia decernării titlului de Doctor Honoris Causa al Universității Andrei Șaguna (mai)

Isărescu, Mugur, 2001 - *Reflecții economice – Piețe, Bani, Bănci*, Editura Academia Română – Centrul Român de Economie Comparată și Consensuală, Editura Expert, București

Isărescu, Mugur, 2003 - *Reflecții economice – contribuții la teoria macrostabilizării*, Editura Expert, București

Isărescu, Mugur, 2009 - *Contribuții teoretice și practice în domeniul politicilor monetare și bancare*, Editura Academiei Române, București

Isik, I., Hassan, M.K., 2003 – „Efficiency, ownership and market structure, corporate control and governance in the Turkish banking industry”, in *Journal of Business Finance and Accounting*, Vol. 30 No 9-10, p. 1363-421.

Jeanne, O. si Ranciére, R. 2009 – „The Optimal Level of International Reserves For Emerging Market Countries a New Formula and Some Applications” C.E.P.R. Discussion Paper 6723

Jensen, M., Meckling, W., 1976. Theory of the firm: Managerial behavior, agency cost, and ownership structure. *J. Finan. Econ.*3, 305–360.

Jesus Huerta de Soto, 2011 – *Moneda, creditul bancar și ciclurile economice*, Ediția a doua, Institutul „Ludwig von Mises” România, Editura Universității Alexandru Ioan Cuza, Iași

Jham,V., KaleemMohd, K. 2008 – „Determinants of Performance in Retail Banking: Perspectives of Customer Satisfaction and Relationship Marketing”, in *Singapore Management Review*, Vol. 30( 2), p. 35-45

Johnson, Clive si Arun Aggarwal., 1988, December – „Cash management comes to the ball. Accountancy, 102(1144), 81-86

Joint Forum’s Working Group on Risk Assessment and Capital (2006)

Kaldor, N., 1961 - Capital Accumulation and Economic Growth. in *The Theory of Capital*, ed. F. A. Lutz and D. C. Hague, 177–222. New York: St. Martins Press.

- Kane, E., 1986 - Appearance and reality in deposit insurance reform. *Journal of Banking and Finance* 10, 175–188
- Kashyap A., Rajan, R. și Stein, J., 2002 – ‚Bank as Liquidity Providers’, *The Journal of Finance*, Vol. 57, No. 1, pp. 33-73
- Kashyap, A. K., Stein, J. C. and Hanson, S., 2010 - "An Analysis of the Impact of “Substantially Heightened” Capital Requirements on Large Financial Institutions”, working paper
- Kaufman, 1991 - Lender of last resort: a contemporary perspective. *Journal of Financial Services Research* 5, 95–110
- Kealhofer, S., 2003 - "Quantifying Credit Risk I: Default Prediction", *Financial Analysts Journal*, January/February
- Kealhofer, S., Kwok, S. and Weng, w, 1998 - "Uses and Abuses of Bond Default Rates", KMV corporation.
- Keynes, J.M., 1937 – ‚The ‘ex-ante’ theory of the rate of interest’, *The Economic Journal*
- Kirițescu, C., Dobrescu, E., 1998 – *Băncile – mică enciclopedie*, Editura Expert, București
- Kirițescu, Costin, 1971 – *Sistemul bănesc al leului și precursorii lui*, Editura Academiei, București
- Kosmidou, K., 2008 – ‚The determinants of banks’ profits in Greece during the period of EU financial integration”, in *Managerial Finance* Vol. 34(3), p. 146-159
- Kosmidou, K., F. Pasiouras, et al., 2006 – ‚Assessing Performance Factors in the UK Banking Sector: A Multicriteria Methodology”, in *Central European Journal of Operations Research* 14(1), p. 25-44
- Kregel, Jan, 1984/5 – ‚Constraints on the expansion of output and employment: real or monetary”, *Journal of Post Keynesian Economics*
- Krugman, Paul, 2009 - *Întoarcerea economiei declinului și criza din 2008*, Editura Publica, pentru ediția în limba română, București
- Kumbhakar, S.C., Lozano-Vivas, A., 2005 – ‚Deregulation and productivity: the case of Spanish banks”, in *Journal of Regulatory Economics*, Vol. 27 No. 3, p. 331-51
- Laeven și Valencia, 2009 - "Systemic Banking Crises: A New Database," IMF Working Papers 08/224, International Monetary Fund.



- Laidler, 1999 - Fabricating the Keynesian Revolution. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press
- Lucchetta, M., 2007 – „What Do Data Say About Monetary Policy, Bank Liquidity and Bank Risk Taking?“, Economic Notes by Banca Monte dei Paschi di Siena SpA, Vol. 36, No. 2, 2007, pp. 189-203
- Lybeck, Johan, A., 2012 - *Istoria globală a crizei financiare (2007 – 2010)*, Editura POLIROM, Iași
- Manolescu, Gh., 2006 - *Bănci și credit*, Editura Fundației România de Măine, București
- Marini, F. 2008 - Financial Intermediation, Monitoring, and Liquidity, Oxford Economic Papers, Vol. 60, Issue 3, pp. 440-461, 2008
- Matz, L. , Neu, P., 2007 – *Liquidity Risk Measurement and Management*, John Wiley and Sons, New Jersey
- Maudos, J., Fernández de Guevara, J., 2004 – „Factors explaining the interest margin in the banking sectors of the European Union“, in *Journal of Banking and Finance*, 28, p. 2259-228
- Maudos, J., Pastor, J.M, 2001 – „Cost and Profit Efficiency in Banking: An International Comparison of Europe, Japan, and the USA,“ *Applied Economic Letters*, vol. 8, p.383-87
- McKillop, D.G., Glass J.C., Ferguson C., 2002 – „Investigating the Cost Performance of UK Credit Unions Using Radial and Non-Radial Efficiency Measures“, in *Journal of Banking and Finance*, Vol.26, No. 8, p. 1563-1591
- Michalski, 2008 – „Liquidity or Profitability: Financial Effectiveness of Investments in Working Capital“
- Miller, M. H. si D.Orr., 1966, August – „A Model for the demand of money by firms“, *Quarterly Journal of Economics*, 80, 413-435
- Minsky, H., 1982 - *Can “It” Happen Again?*, Armonk: M.E. Sharpe
- Mishkin, Frederic, 2004 - *The Economics of Money, Banking and Financial Market, The 7<sup>th</sup> Edition*, Pearson – Addison Wesley
- Modigliani, F. si Miller, M., 1958 – „The Cost of Capital, Corporation Finance and the Theory of Investment“ *American Economic Review*, 48/3, 261–297
- Modigliani, F. si Miller, M., 1963 – „Corporate income taxes and the cost of capital: a correction“, *American Economic Review*, 53 3, 433–443

- Mohanti, M.S., Schnabel, G., Garcia-Lima, P., 2006 – „Banks and aggregate credit: What is new?“, In: *The Banking System in Emergin Economies: How much Progress has been Made?* BIS Papers No. 28, Bank for International Settlements
- Molyneux, P. si Thornton, J. 1992 – „Determinants of European bank profitability: A note“ *Journal of Banking and Finance*, 16, 1173-1178
- Morris, S. si Shin, H. Song. 2010 – „Illiquidity Component of Credit Risk“, Working Paper, Princeton University
- Morrison, A. D., White, L., 2005 – „Crises and Capital Requirements in Banking“, in *American Economic Review* 95(5), p. 1548-1572
- Myers, S., Rajan, R., 1998. The paradox of liquidity. *Quart. J. Econ.* 113 (3), 733–771
- Negruș Mariana, 2008 - *Produse și servicii bancare*, Editura Fundației România de Măine, București;
- Nikolau, 2009 - Liquidity (risk) concepts: definitions and interactions, European Central Bank Working Papers no.1008
- Oprîteșcu, M., 2006 - *Managementul riscurilor și performanțele bancare*, Editura Universitaria, Craiova
- Orlowski, L. T. - “Stages of the 2007/2008 Global Financial Crisis: Is There a Wandering Asset-Price Bubble?,” *KIWE Economic Discussion Paper*, no. 43, 2008.
- Paradi, J.C., Vela, S., Yang, Z., 2004 – „Assessing Bank and Bank Branch erformance: Modelling Considerations and Approaches“, in Cooper, W.W., Seiford, L.M. and Zhu, J. (Eds), *Handbook on Data Envelopment Analysis*, Kluwer, Boston, MA, p. 349-400.
- Pasiouras F, Liadaki A, Zopounidis C., 2008 – „Bank efficiency and share performance: evidence from Greece“, *Applied Financial Economics* 18, p. 1121–1130
- Pasiouras, F., Kosmidou, K., 2007 – „Factors influencing the profitability of domestic and foreign commercial banks in the European Union“, in *International Business and Finance* 21 (2), p. 222-237
- Păunescu, Cristian, 2009 - *Banca, banii și bancherii- Pagini de istorie bancară -*, Editura Oscar Print, București
- Pokutta, S si C. Schmaltz, 2010 - Managing liquidity: Optimal degree of centralization, in *Journal of Banking & Finance*, Volume 35, Issue 3, March 2011, Pages 627–638

Pop, Napoleon, 2011 - *Decizia de politică monetară – între fascinația teoriei și inefabilul intuiției* -, Editura Expert, București

rates when banks can become insolvent. *Journal of Money, Credit and Banking* February 2012, 44(1): 201-219

Ratnovski, 2008 - Bank liquidity regulation and the lender of last resort, *Journal of Financial Intermediation*, 18, 2009, p. 541-588

Repullo, R. 2005. Liquidity, Risk Taking, and the Lender of Last Resort. *International Journal of Central Banking* 2:47–80

Resti A., Sironi A. (2007) “Risk Management and Shareholders’ Value in Banking. From Risk Measurement Models to Capital Allocation Policies”, Wiley Finance, Chichester.

Ringbom *et al* (2003)

Rochet și Tirole, 1996. Interbank lending and systemic risk. *Journal of Money, Credit and Banking* 28,733–762

Roman, Angela, 2009 - *Politici monetare*, Editura Universității “Alexandru Ioan Cuza” Iași;

Rose și Wieladek, 2012 Too big to fail: Some empirical evidence on the causes and consequences of public banking interventions in the UK. Bank of England Working Paper 460

Rotaru, Constantin, 2001 - *Managementul performanței bancare*, Editura Expert, București

Roubini, N., Mihm, S., 2010 - *Economia crizelor. Curs – fulger despre viitorul finanțelor*, Editura Publica, București

Roxin, L., 1997 - *Gestiunea riscurilor bancare*, Ed. Didactică și pedagogică, București

Sanger, J. S., 2001, Oct – „Working capital: A modern approach”, *Financial Executive*, 69

Săvoiu, V., 2000 - *Sistemul European de Bănci Centrale*, Colecția Banca Națională, București;

Scheller, Hanspeter, K., 2006 - *Banca Centrală Europeană – istoric, rol și funcții*, Ediția a II-a, revizuită

Schrieder, Alan J., 1988 – „Beyond managing cash, to managing cash flow”, *Financial Executive*, 4(6), 54-57

- Semmler, W. 1985 – Financial crisis a bifurcation in a limit cycle model: A nonlinear approach to Minsky crisis, Mimco.(Department of Economics, New School for Social Research, New York)
- Shleifer, A., Vishny, R., 1992. Liquidation values and debt capacity: a market equilibrium approach. *Journal of Finance* 47 (4), pp. 1343–1366
- Simone Varotto, (2011) "Liquidity risk, credit risk, market risk and bank capital", *International Journal of Managerial Finance*, Vol. 7 Iss: 2, pp.134 - 152
- Sinkey, J. Jr., 1986 – *Commercial Bank Financial Management*, Pearson Education, New Jersey
- Spathis, C., K. Kosmidou, et al., 2002 – „Assessing Profitability Factors in the Greek Banking System: A Multicriteria Methodology", *International Transactions in Operational Research* 9(5), p. 517-530
- Staikouras, C., Wood, G., 2004 – „The determinants of European bank profitability”, in *International Business and Economics Research Journal* 3 (6), p. 57-68
- Spulbăr, C., 2008 - *Management Bancar*, ed. a II-a, Editura Sitech, Craiova
- Spulbăr, C, 1999 - *Optimizarea managementului bancar*, Editura Universitaria Craiova
- Stiglitz, J., 2006 – „Making Globalization Work”, W.W. Norton
- Stoica, M., 2000 - *Management bancar*, Editura Economică, București
- Stoica, Ovidiu, 2003 - *Integrare financiar - monetară europeană*, Curs “Jean Monnet”, Editura Junimea, Iași
- Stoica, Ovidiu, Căpraru, Bogdan, Filipescu, Dragoș, 2005 - *Efecte ale integrării europene asupra sistemului bancar românesc*, Editura Universității “Al. I.Cuza” Iași
- Sturm JE, Williams B, 2004 – „Foreign bank entry, deregulation and bank efficiency lessons from the Australian experience”, in *Journal of Banking and Finance* 28, p. 1775–1799
- Ta Ho, Chien, Shun Wu, 2006 – „Benchmarking Performance Indicators for Banks”, *Benchmarking*, Vol. 13(1), p. 147-159
- Thomson, J., 1987. The use of market information in pricing deposit insurance, *Journal of Money, Credit and Banking* 19, 528–537
- Tobin, J., 1958 – „Estimation of Relationships for Limited Dependent Variables”, *Econometrica*, Vol. 26, No. 1, pp. 24-36

- Trenca, Ioan, 2003 - *Metode și tehnici bancare*, Casa Cărții de Știință, Cluj-Napoca;
- Trenca, Ioan, Bătrânca Ioan (coord), 2008 - *Analiza performanțelor și riscurilor bancare*. Edit Risoprint Cluj-Napoca
- Trenca I Ioan, 2005 - *Fundmente ale Managementului Financiar*, Casa Cărții de Știință, Cluj- Napoca
- Turliuc, V., Cocriș, V, Stoica, O., Chrileşan, D., ș.a., 2013 – *Monedă și credit*, Editura Universității Alexandru Ioan Cuza, Iași
- Unal, S, Aktas, R, Acikaline, S, 2007 – „A Comparative Profitability and Operating Efficiency Analysis and Private Banks in Turkey”, in *Banks and Bank System*, Vol. 2(3) , p. 135-141
- Uzhogova, O. 2010 – „The Relative Importance of Environmental Factors for Bank Profitability in Developed and Emerging Economies”, SSRN eLibrary
- Valla, N. și B. Saes-Escorbiac –, „Bank liquidity and financial stability”, *Banque de France Financial Stability Review*, 2006, pp. 89-104
- Varotto, S., 2011 - "Liquidity risk, credit risk, market risk and bank capital", *International Journal of Managerial Finance*, Vol. 7 Iss: 2 pp. 134 - 152
- Vensel, V., A. Aarma, et al., 2008 – „Bank Performance Analysis: Methodology and Empirical Evidence (Estonian Banking System, 1994-2002)", SSRN eLibrary
- Voinea, Liviu, 2009 - *Sfârșitul economiei iluziei: Criza și anticriza: O abordare heterodoxă*, Editura Publica, București
- Williamson, O. 1988 - Corporate Finance and Corporate Governance. *Journal of Finance* 43:567–92.
- Wum, Hsiu-Ling, Chen, Chien-Hsun, Shiu, Fang-Ying, 2007 – „The impact of financial development and bank characteristics on the operational performance of commercial banks in the Chinese transitional economy”, in *Journal of Economic Studies*, Vol. 34(5), p. 401-411
- Xavier Freixas & Antoine Martin & David Skeie, 2011. "Bank Liquidity, Interbank Markets, and Monetary Policy," *Review of Financial Studies*, Society for Financial Studies, vol. 24(8), pages 2656-2692.
- Yan, M., Hall, M si Turner, P. 2012 - A cost–benefit analysis of Basel III: Some evidence from the UK *International Review of Financial Analysis*, Volume 25, December 2012, P. 73-82

Zhou, X., 2001 – „Understanding the determination of managerial ownership and its relationship to firm performance: comment”, in *Journal of Financial Economics* 62, p. 559-571